

PUBLIC HEALTH.

Important Meeting of the Ohio and Local Boards.

Dr. Stanton Details the State's Duty in Preventing Cholera.

The News of a Recurrence of Cholera in Russia, Germany and France is an Unmistakable Sign of the Danger That Again Threatens Us.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 27.—There was a large attendance of medical gentlemen present Thursday afternoon in the first Congressional session of the meeting of the state and local boards of health was called to order by President Conklin, of the state board, who announced that the object of the meeting was to consider measures to prevent the introduction and spread of cholera in the United States, and other topics in line with their duties. Following was Thursday's programme.

Introductory Remarks.—S. A. Conklin, M. D., president board of health, Canton.

Practical Suggestions on Cholera.—S. P. Wise, M. D., member state board of health, Millersburg.

The Disposal of the Cholera Dead.—W. F. McLean, M. D., health officer, Elyria.

The Diagnosis of Cholera.—Thos. C. Hoover, M. D., member state board of health, Columbus.

The State's Duty in Preventing Cholera.—B. Stanton, M. D., member state board of health, Cincinnati.

Water Supplies as Carriers of Cholera.—E. T. Nelson, M. A., Ph. D., member state board of health, Delaware.

The Cholera Bacillus.—H. H. Hille, M. D., of Ohio State university.

One of the most interesting as well as the most instructive of the papers read at the session Thursday afternoon was that of the state board of health, presented by Dr. Stanton, the Cincinnati member of the state board. He held that the news of a recurrence of cholera in Russia, Germany and France was an unmistakable sign of the danger that again threatens us. He believed that the co-operation of the national, state and local boards of health was the strictest sanitary measures is essential. The quarantine authorities should all be vested in the general government and not a patch, water laws as at present. Information looking to the protection of the public health from cholera should be collected classified and disseminated.

"The state board should be given jurisdiction and absolute power in the enforcement of all sanitary regulations in time of peril to the public health. Medical inspectors should be posted along the borders of the state, at the crossings of the national and state lines, inspect incoming passengers who have been diseased-infected points. The legislature, in view of the probable emergency, should place a liberal fund at the command of the state board. The authorities and the people must be taught that cleanliness is essential to health, and how to keep clean."

One of those who took a prominent part in the discussion of the evening and was listened to with interest, was Health Officer Prendergast, of Cincinnati.

Excitement in an Asylum.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 27.—Intense excitement was created Thursday night at Central Insane asylum by the breaking out of a fire just as the patients were being marched into the assembly room for a fancy dress ball. The fire was extinguished before serious damage was done, but the patients were so much alarmed that a terrible panic was narrowly averted, as they became almost uncontrollable.

Fall to a Saw-Mill.

CARLEIGH, Ill., Jan. 27.—A serious accident occurred on the farm of John Proun, a well-to-do farmer living a few miles south of Carleigh, Thursday morning. His fifteen-year-old son Henry was helping cut wood with a saw operated by steam, when in some way the log came in contact with the machinery and was almost torn from his body. His injuries may prove fatal.

Greeter Initiated.

NEW YORK, Jan. 27.—President-elect Cleveland was initiated into the Sigma Chi college fraternity Thursday morning. A badge of the fraternity was presented to him. It was adorned and worn by the president-elect with an interest worthy of the enthusiasm of an under-graduate.

Satellite Stay.

ROME, Jan. 27.—There is the best authority for stating that the present truth in the report that Mgr. Satelli is to be recalled and replaced by Archbishop Ireland. On the contrary, it is the intention of the pope to retain his position in America more firmly.

Business Part Destroyed by Fire.

GREENWOOD, Miss., Jan. 27.—The business portion of Tchula City, Miss., was destroyed by fire, which broke out in a road depot and every business house in the town was consumed. Loss, \$100,000; insurance, \$87,000.

More Money for New York's Capital.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 27.—The legislature Thursday afternoon passed a bill appropriating \$700,000 more for the "completion" of the capitol building, which has already cost over \$300,000 and twenty years.

E. G. Gold Borrowed by Rothschild.

VIENNA, Jan. 27.—The Rothschild syndicate has borrowed \$10,000,000 in gold in the United States for the use of Austria in introducing her currency reform.

Tennessee State Officers Elected.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 27.—The legislative Thursday in joint convention elected W. S. Morgan speaker, John A. Harris controller, and E. B. Craig treasurer.

IN CONGRESS.

Very Little Business Transacted in Either Branch Thursday.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 27.—SENATE.—There were not many senators in the chamber Thursday during the recess of the session, but those who were present witnessed the remarkable circumstance of 300 senators having their argument against the constitutionality of the bill sustained by a majority of 100.

House.—The sundry civil bill was granted the right of way, and a few other bills were placed on the track, none of them proved discussable, and no business was done.

McMillin, from the committee on rules, reported back the Dokey resolution for the appointment of a committee of five representatives of the Fifty-third congress to inquire into the status of law establishing executive department and bureau in Washington city. This was referred to the committee on appropriation.

BY THE WRISTS.

With His Ties Tightly Tied Before the Investigating Committee.

JARVIS, N. Y., Jan. 27.—The third day's session of the senate and house investigation committee on the affairs at the southern prison closed with the speaker of the Fifty-third congress was taken until Tuesday next at 8:30 o'clock a. m. Ex-Convict Engle, of Vevay, Ind., now a law student, who had been charged with the alleged brutal treatment administered upon him during his incarceration of two years. He described the manner in which he had been treated, and the alleged brutal treatment administered upon him during his incarceration of two years. He described the manner in which he had been treated, and the alleged brutal treatment administered upon him during his incarceration of two years.

His testimony was given clearly but he was subjected to the treatment of the warden or guards. He went at great length to attempt to classify prisoners.

The higher class were looked upon by the management as bad convicts, and the lower or middle classes largely superior to the others. In regard to the charges of the prisoner, Engle stated (Ewing) that Director R. E. Slater had been paid \$150 by W. D. Patton to procure a pardon for a convict was exposed when the Patton went on the stand and testified to Engle's testimony, and stated under oath that the charges were untrue in every respect.

Patton broke Slater's expense by going to Indianapolis, Vincennes and several other places to ascertain what was going on in the prison, and when he returned he told the committee of one Henry Solner, for whom Patton was anxious to have him secure a pardon. Slater had never received a cent for any convict, and his complete exoneration was not unexpected by those who knew him.

A considerable amount of cross-examination was had when Senator Longland asked for permission to produce the punishment book and give to the committee the names of the convicts who had been punished, number of stripes administered, and for what cause. Senator Ford made a motion, that the warden furnish a list of convicts taken into custody, administration, and have it ready for examination at the reconvening of the committee.

GOV. TURNEY'S MESSAGE.

Tennessee's Executive has come New Orleans. About the Employment of Convicts.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 27.—Gov. Turner sent his first message to the legislature Thursday morning. The governor recommends the abolition of the lease system contract, and submit two proposals to the legislature. The first is for the state to purchase coal and stone contracts, and the second is for the state to purchase coal and stone contracts, and the second is for the state to purchase coal and stone contracts.

When they were stolen or by whom stolen, the governor stated that the coupons were sent to Judge E. W. Kimball, a prominent lawyer of this city, by one G. D. Whittless, of New London, Conn., who had later on been found to be a fraud.

Nearly 600,000 of these coupons are still out, and the whole have been stolen at some time from the state treasury.

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A CONSPIRACY.

Big Coal Dealers of Rochester, N. Y., Indicted.

They Are Charged With Combining to Prevent Competition.

And to Advance the Price of the Fuel.—The indictment is based upon the Constitution and the Laws of the Coal Exchange.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Jan. 27.—The shadow which has been hovering over the Rochester Coal Exchange for several days took material form at 5 o'clock Thursday afternoon, when the grand jury reported to Justice Ramage, in the circuit court, indictment of the big coal dealers in the exchange with conspiracy.

The indictment charges that the members of the exchange had conspired to prevent free competition in the sale of coal, and to advance the price. The indictment is based upon the Constitution and the Laws of the Coal Exchange.

The following order, promulgated by Secretary J. H. Stetson, of the exchange, about three months ago, also appears in the indictment: "The sale of coal, through grocers or any other parties, is hereby prohibited, and the sale of coal, through the exchange, is hereby required."

The following order, promulgated by Secretary J. H. Stetson, of the exchange, about three months ago, also appears in the indictment: "The sale of coal, through grocers or any other parties, is hereby prohibited, and the sale of coal, through the exchange, is hereby required."

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NEGRO HANGED

And Shot to Kill a Confession of Robbery From Him.

MILAN, Tenn., Jan. 27.—The town of Milan, on the Illinois Central railroad, was the scene of mob-violence. Tom Butler, a countryman, came to town, and while intoxicated, fell asleep on the depot platform. When he awoke \$50 dollars was missing from his pocket.

A Negro tramp, Lewis Newbern, was seen with the money and was taken out by a mob and given 50 lashes with a rawhide, but refused to surrender the money, claiming he was innocent.

After being whipped, Newbern, half-choked, crawled to the depot and begged to be admitted. He was hidden in the freight room by the operator.

Pearce informed them that he would defend the man with his life, warning them not to attempt violence. Heavy iron rails were found near the track, and using them as battering rams, the mob broke down the door of the freight room.

"Burn him!" A demand was made upon the operator, Paul Pearce, to deliver up the Negro.

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